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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/905,532	07/14/2001	Antony John Rogers	655/62438	3485
7.	590 05/20/2005	•	EXAM	INER
Richard F. Jaworski			SCHUBERT, KEVIN R	
Cooper & Dunham LLP 1185 Avenue of the Americas		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
New York, NY 10036			2137	
•			DATE MAILED: 05/20/200	5

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

•	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
	09/905,532	ROGERS ET AL.			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
	Kevin Schubert	2137			
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply					
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).					
Status		•			
1)⊠ Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>21 April 2005</u> .					
2a)⊠ This action is FINAL . 2b)☐ This	action is non-final.				
3) Since this application is in condition for allowar	ice except for formal matters, pro	secution as to the merits is			
closed in accordance with the practice under E	x parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 45	33 O.G. 213.			
Disposition of Claims					
4) Claim(s) 1-20 is/are pending in the application.					
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw	vn from consideration.				
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.	•				
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-20</u> is/are rejected.					
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.					
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	relection requirement.				
Application Papers					
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.					
10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.					
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).					
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).					
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.					
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign	priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a))-(d) or (f).			
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:					
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.					
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No					
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage					
application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).					
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.					
Attachment(s)					
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 4) Interview Summary (PTO-413) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Paper No(s)/Mail Date.					
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) 5) Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)					
Paper No(s)/Mail Date 6) Other:					

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DETAILED ACTION

Claims 1-20 have been considered.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claims 1-7 and 10-19 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Chambers, U.S. Patent No. 5,398,196.

As per claims 1,10,11,12, and 14, the applicant discloses the following method of detecting viral code which is anticipated by Chambers:

- a) creating an artificial memory region spanning one or more components of the operating system (Col 7, line 63 to Col 8, line 21; Col 7, lines 23-28);
 - b) emulating execution of computer executable code in a subject file (Col 3, lines 42-45);
- c) detecting when the emulated computer executable code attempts to access the artificial memory region (Col 8, lines 28-30);

The applicant should note that the use of a processor is an additional limitation for claim 11. This limitation is met by Chambers (see Col 4, line 61).

As per claim 2, the applicant discloses the method of claim 1, which is met by Chambers (see above), with the following limitation which is also met by Chambers:

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Wherein detecting when the emulated computer executable code attempts to access the artificial memory region comprises monitoring operating system calls by the emulated computer executable code (Col 6, line 68; Col 7, lines 1-15).

As per claim 3, the applicant discloses the method of claim 1, which is met by Chambers (see above), with the following limitations which are also met by Chambers:

- a) determining an operating system call that the emulated computer executable code attempted to access (Col 9, lines 13-25; Col 9, lines 44-54);
- b) monitoring the operating system call to determine whether the computer executable code is viral (Col 9, lines 13-25; Col 9, lines 44-54).

The applicant should note that the operating system call is the attempt to gain access to an operating system entry point. Through emulation of an interrupt handler routine, the method is able to monitor whether a virus is present.

As per claims 4 and 16, the applicant discloses the method of claim 1, which is met by Chambers (see above), with the following limitations which are also met by Chambers:

- a) determining an operating system call that the emulated computer executable code attempted to access (Col 9, lines 13-25; Col 9, lines 44-54);
- b) emulating functionality of the operating system call while monitoring the operating system call to determine whether the computer executable code is viral (Col 9, lines 13-25; Col 9, lines 44-54);

The applicant should note that the operating system call is the attempt to gain access to an operating system entry point. Through emulation of an interrupt handler routine, the method is able to monitor whether a virus is present.

As per claims 5 and 17, the applicant discloses the method of claim 1, which is met by Chambers (see above), with the following limitation which is also met by Chambers:

Further comprising monitoring accesses by the emulated computer executable code to the artificial memory region to detect looping (Col 10, lines 40-43);

Applicant should note that looping is synonymous with the virus' "replicative behavior" (Col 10, line 43).

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As per claims 6 and 18, the applicant discloses the method of claim 1, which is met by Chambers (see above), with the following limitation which is also met by Chambers:

Wherein the artificial memory region spans an export table of one or more predetermined operating system components (Col 9, lines 13-25; Col 9, lines 44-54);

The applicant should note that the export table of operating system components is represented by a "list of operating system entry points" (Col 9, lines 21-22).

As per claims 7 and 19, the applicant discloses the method of claim 1, which is met by Chambers (see above), with the following limitation which is also met by Chambers:

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Wherein creating an artificial memory region includes creating a custom version of an export table with predetermined values for the entry points (Col 9, lines 13-25; Col 9, lines 44-54);

As per claims 13 and 15, the applicant discloses the method of claims 12 and 14 respectively, which are met by Chambers (see above), with the following limitations which are also met by Chambers:

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- a) a fourth segment comprising auxiliary code, wherein the auxiliary code determines an
 operating system call that the emulated computer executable code attempted to access (Col 9, lines 13-25; Col 9, lines 44-54);
- b) a fifth segment comprising analyzer code, wherein the analyzer code monitors the operating system call to determine whether the computer executable code is viral, while emulation continues (Col 9, lines 13-25; Col 9, lines 44-54);

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The applicant should note that the monitor described in the passages listed for a) and b) above could be deemed as auxiliary or analyzer code. The operating system call is the attempt to gain access to an operating system entry point.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 8,9, and 20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Chambers in further view of Golan, U.S. Patent No. 5,974,549.

As per claim 8, the applicant describes the method of claim 1, which is anticipated by Chambers (see above), with the following limitation which is anticipated by Golan:

Further comprising monitoring access by the emulated computer executable code to dynamically linked functions (Col 6, lines 6-12; Col 5, lines 60-63);

Chambers describes all the limitations of claim 1, the independent claim. However, Chambers fails to disclose anything concerning dynamically linked functions. Golan describes a security monitor method whereby access to dynamically linked functions is regulated because, as Golan discloses, "in an operating system that supports virtual memory and hardware abstraction, a software component can only breach security by calling a system call" (Col 5, lines 38-41). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in that art at the time the invention was filed to have combined the teachings of Chambers with those of Golan and monitor access to dynamically linked functions because requesting access to dynamically linked functions could be an attempt to breach security.

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As per claim 9, the applicant discloses the method of claim 8, which is met by Chambers in further view of Golan (see above), with the following limitation which is met by Golan:

Wherein the artificial memory region spans a jump table containing pointers to the dynamically linked functions (Col 7, lines 31-35);

Chambers in further view of Golan describes all the limitations of claim 8. Golan describes the additional limitation of a jump table containing pointers to the dynamically linked functions. The jump table is often incorporated with dynamically linked functions to store the actual addresses of the dynamically linked functions. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time in the invention was filed to have included a jump table with the method so that there could be a way of storing the actual addresses of the dynamically linked functions.

As per claim 20, the applicant discloses the method of claim 14, which is met by Chambers (see above), with the following limitation which is met by Golan:

Wherein the artificial memory region created by the memory manager component spans a jump table containing pointers to dynamically linked functions, and the monitor component monitors access by the emulated computer executable code to the dynamically linked functions;

The claim is met by the combination of claims 8 and 9. Explanations for claim 8 and 9 rejections are listed above.

Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments, see Remarks filed 4/21/05, with respect to claim 1 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive. The applicant argues that Chambers does not disclose the limitations of the claim but instead discloses a system which blocks access to memory locations that are selected for controlled access. The examiner disagrees. Chambers discloses a monitor system which acts just like the applicant's monitor system to monitor operating system calls to detect viral code. Whenever an operating system call is placed to execute a program (Col 6, lines 67-68), the monitor system of Chambers identifies operating system components of the operating system that are to be used

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in the call and then creates an artificial memory region in which the contents of the operating system component which should be executed are copied (Col 8, lines 15-20). The subject file code is emulated so that it now accesses the remapped artificial memory region instead of the original memory region. Attempts to access the artificial memory region are logged for later use in determining whether the subject file may be viral (Col 8, lines 28-30).

Conclusion

THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Kevin Schubert whose telephone number is (571) 272-4239. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 8:00-5:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor,

Andrew Caldwell can be reached on (571) 272-3868. The fax phone number for the organization where
this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

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ANDREW CALDWELL
SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER

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